

Parent-Teen Homework Assignments to Increase Driver Safety

INFORMATION SHEET FOR HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT #3

KEYS to ... Vision, Balance, & Judgment

Purpose

To increase the safety of everyone involved, families should ensure that teens have the safety knowledge, skills, & behaviors related to Vision, Balance, & Judgment.

- ♦ **Goal for Parent:** Make it clear to your teen that you expect her/him to be a safe driver. For Activity #3, assess your teen's knowledge, skills, & behaviors related to <u>vision</u>, <u>balance</u>, & <u>judgment</u>.
- ♦ **Goal for Teen:** Fully explain to your parents the concepts & show them the procedures that you have learned in driver education. For Activity #3, show your parents that you have the knowledge, skills, & behaviors for <u>vision</u>, <u>balance</u>, & <u>judgment</u>.

Instructions

Completing activities may take some time & energy, but the safety impact will be long-lasting!

- ◆ <u>TOGETHER:</u> Parents & teens need to: (1) read over this Information Sheet, (2) fully & thoroughly perform the parent-teen activities listed on the Assignment Sheet for Homework Assignment #3, & (3) complete & turn in the Assignment Sheet to your driver education class.
- ♦ As your family completes the activities, remember to REMAIN PATIENT with each other! This is a new experience for both parents & teens!

Information for Homework Assignment #3: Vision & Balance

Box A: Use Your Vision Effectively

Safe driving includes constantly searching your path-of-travel for any changes.

Vision—look into the future

- See a clear path (i.e., make sure line-of-sight & pathof-travel are clear) before putting the car in motion.
- ALWAYS turn your head to look for traffic & obstacles before turning the steering wheel.
- When driving, (1) project your vision as far ahead as possible, (2) select a stationary object or target in the center of the path you want to travel, & (3) steer toward it.

Search for changes in your path-of-travel

- To search effectively, you need to know where to look, what to look for, & what to do when you find changes.
- Where to look: Use your central, side/fringe, & peripheral vision to systematically search throughout your intended path-of-travel & the surrounding area.
- What to look for: Make sure your line-of-sight & path-of-travel are clear.
- What to do when you find changes: Once you become aware of changes in your line-of-sight or path-of-travel, make safe choices for speed control and/or lane position.

Use your mirrors & check your blind spots

- Always uses your mirrors & check your blind spots under the following conditions: when your foot goes on the brake; before & after changing lane positions; before & after changing lanes; before & after turning; when backing up; & when stopped in traffic.
- Frequently check your mirrors throughout driving to be aware of your surroundings.

Box B: Keep Your Vehicle in Balance

Safe driving includes making smooth starts, steering motions, & stops.

Keep your vehicle in balance

- Jerky starts & stops signal to other road users that there are problems with the vehicle or with the driver.
- To help keep your vehicle in balance, keep the heel of your right foot on the floorboard to where your toes can easily reach gas or brake pedal.
- Use the toes of your driving foot (not your whole foot) to apply pressure to the brake or gas pedal.
- Pivot using your heel to move from one to the other.

Make smooth starts

- To make smooth starts, ease your foot off the brake & let the vehicle begin to roll on its own.
- Then apply steadily increasing pressure to the gas pedal.
- Once you are at speed, readjust pedal pressure to maintain it.

Make smooth motions in steering

- To make smooth steering motions, turn your head in direction of your intended movement or path-of-travel before turning the steering wheel.
- Then turn steering wheel with a smooth motion toward the target.

Make smooth stops

- To make smooth stops, ease your foot off the gas pedal & let the vehicle begin to slow on its own.
- Then apply steadily increasing pressure to the brake pedal.
- Close in on vehicles gradually.
- Stop far enough behind a vehicle to see its rear tires touching the pavement.

Any abrupt changes in balance—starting, steering, or stopping—can result in reduced vehicle control or an out-of-control vehicle.

Box C: Choose Your Speed & Lane Position Wisely

Safe drivers need to be able to determine the best speed & lane positions for driving conditions.

3 speed control options

- 1. Keep the same speed
- 2. Decrease speed
- 3. Increase speed
- The choice of your speed can help you safely maneuver through or around obstacles in your path-of-travel.
- If you choose to "decrease speed," you can do so by easing your foot off the gas pedal & covering the brake OR by easing your foot off the gas & applying the brake
- When in doubt, slow down!

Problems with driving too fast for conditions

- Crash risk & crash severity increase as speed increases.
- It is more difficult to safely maneuver a vehicle at higher
- It is more difficult to steer safely around curves or objects at higher speeds.
- Small errors in judgment such as oversteering or braking too sharply can result in an out-of-control vehicle.
- · Distances necessary to safely follow & stop are increased at higher speeds.
- The amount of time available to detect & to react to unexpected events is shortened at higher speeds.
- At higher speeds, drivers should keep longer distances between vehicles & look farther ahead for changes in your line-of-sight or path-of-travel.

3 lane position options

- 1. Middle of your lane (lane position 1)
- 2. Left of your lane (lane position 2)
- 3. Right of your lane (lane position 3)

your line-of-sight & path-of-travel.

• The choice of the location of your vehicle in your lane can help you safely maneuver through or around obstacles in

Box D: Choose Your Next Move Wisely

Safe drivers need to be able to make accurate judgments to safely navigate roadways & interact with roadway users.

Gap Selection

- When turning or changing lanes, drivers must determine if there is enough space to maneuver.
- Only make a move when there is enough space to not only begin. but to complete the maneuver.

Intersections

- When approaching an intersection, search your intended path-oftravel. Look for traffic lights, signs, cross traffic, pedestrians, etc.
- Before braking, look in the rearview mirror to identify any problems behind you, such as vehicles being too close
- When reaching the intersection, search to the left, straight, to the right, & then in whichever direction you plan to travel
- If you are turning, only make a move when there is an open path to enter.

Approaching curves & hills

- Once you see a curve/hillcrest in your intended path-of-travel, check your mirrors for potential problems around you.
- Reduce your speed to get the best speed control depending on the degree of curve/hillcrest.
- Stay to the right of your lane in case an oncoming vehicle crosses the middle line.
- Search through the curve/hillcrest for vehicles, pedestrians, signs,
- Once on the other side, check your mirrors & evaluate your new intended path-of-travel.

Remember, any abrupt changes in steering, speed control, and/or lane position can result in an out-of-control vehicle.

Skid control

- Keep your eyes focused on where you want the vehicle to go.
- Ease your foot off pedals—no brake or gas!
- Steer in the direction to make the front of the vehicle point towards the intended path-of-travel.

Family Activities to Increase Teen Driver Safety: For Now & In the Future

Families should complete parent-teen homework assignements to assess teen knowledge & practice of driver safety.

For Homework Assignment #3, teens will talk to parents about how to do the following:

- Determine visual searches for changes in your line-of-sight or path-of-travel
- Determine choice of speed control options & lane position for driving conditions

Families should talk about driver safety OFTEN.

Parents & teens should discuss the following:

☐ The importance of vision, balance, & judgment for safe drivina

☐ The dangers of driving at high speeds

Families need to supervise driving under high-risk conditions OFTEN.

- ☐ Teens should have extensive supervised practice on highspeed roads before they are allowed to drive at high speeds on their own
- ☐ Once licensed, teens should have extensive independent experience driving in low-risk conditions—at lower speeds—before they drive at high speeds

Families should set expectations for driver safety EARLY.

MAKE CLEAR that teens are expected to:

- ☐ Obey all traffic laws & signs, including speed limits
- □ Never put yourself or others at risk by driving too fast for conditions

MAKE CLEAR that teens who violate safety expectations will:

- □ Lose driving privileges for ___ (write in amount of time)
- □ Other: (write in what & amount of time)



Parent-Teen Homework Assignments to Increase Driver Safety

ASSIGNMENT SHEET FOR HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT #3

Vision, Balance, & Judgment

Data	Student	Parent:
<i>Date:</i>	Student:	Phone number:

Instructions

Together, parent & teen need to: (1) read over the Information Sheet for Homework Assignment #3, (2) fully & thoroughly perform the parent-teen activities listed on this Assignment Sheet, & (3) complete & turn in this Assignment Sheet to your driver education class.

- Materials needed: Parent, teen, this assignment sheet, the Driving Pictures handout, pencil or pen, & vehicle.
- Time needed: Each activity can take 10-30 minutes & can be done separately, at different times.
- **Directions:** After completing each activity, check () the box to show that it was completed & then parent rates teen's performance as "good," "fair," or "needs improvement." No matter what the rating, please list comments about teen's performance to help us keep track.
- Grading: Grading of Homework Assignment #3 is based <u>ONLY on completing the activities, not on the actual ratings for teen progress</u>. Thus, a "needs improvement" rating will not lower your teen's grade. This information is important for tracking student progress & providing you with feedback for ways to improve.
- **Driving Activities:** For the activities that involve driving, parent should drive so teen can focus on the activity & write down answers. If teen drives, parent will need to write down the answers that teen gives.

V	✓ Activities for Vision, Balance, & Judgment (Use info from Boxes A-D on the Information Sheet)		Rating (☑) NI = Needs Improvement		
Ø	Family Discussion: Vision, Balance, & Judgment. To assess knowledge, teen tells parent about each of the following. Parent checks accuracy using information from Boxes A-D on the Information Sheet	Good	Fair	NI	Comments
	The importance of vision, balance, & judgment in safe driving				
	The importance of searching the intended path-of-travel				
	The 3 options for speed control				
	The risks of driving too fast for conditions				
	The 3 options for lane position				
	How to approach intersections				
	How to approach & drive through curves/hill crests				
	Conditions that lead to an out-of-control vehicle & how to steer through a skid				
Ø	Family Exercise: Driving Pictures. To assess skill, use the Driving Pictures handout. With it, parent & teen do each of the following for each picture.	Good	Fair	NI	Comments
	Determine the "target" for driving				
	Determine vision ranges for driving—central, side/fringe, & peripheral				
	Determine all potential issues related to line-of-sight or path-of-travel				
	Determine the 3 most immediate issues				
	For those 3 issues, determine the appropriate speed control option (keep the same speed, decrease speed—either cover brake or apply brake, or increase speed) & lane position (middle/lane position 1, left/lane position 2, or right/lane position 3)				

	Driving Activity: Curves, Hillcrests, & Intersections. To assess skill, parent drives a predetermined route while teen sits in the front passenger seat & (1) points out & (2) writes down any issues with line-of-sight or path-of-travel for the following.	Good	Fair	NI	Comments
	Curves or hillcrests				
	Issues for the first curve or hillcrest				
	Issues for the second curve or hillcrest				
	Intersections				
	Issues for the first intersection				
	Issues for the second intersection				
Ø	Driving Activity: Speed Control & Lane Position. To assess skill, parent drives a predetermined route	Good	Fair	NI	Comments
	while teen sits in the front passenger seat <u>OR</u> family parks in a busy parking lot or near an intersection & teen (1) points out & (2) writes down examples of the following.				
	parks in a busy parking lot or near an intersection & teen (1) points out & (2) writes down examples of the	0			
	parks in a busy parking lot or near an intersection & teen (1) points out & (2) writes down examples of the following.	0	0	0	
	parks in a busy parking lot or near an intersection & teen (1) points out & (2) writes down examples of the following. Other drivers using speed control options Correct Use:				
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	parks in a busy parking lot or near an intersection & teen (1) points out & (2) writes down examples of the following. Other drivers using speed control options Correct Use: Examples (write down the ones you saw): Incorrect Use: Examples (write down the ones you saw): Other drivers using lane position options Correct Use:	0	0	0	